take leave He next morning. accordingly presented himself to the Emperor's levee, when he renewed his efforts in support of the claims of Maria Louisa. "I have a great affection for my daughter, and also for my son-in-law/said the Emperor. "I bear them both in my heart, and would shed my blood for them." — "Ah, Sire! "exclaimed M. de Cham-pagny, "such a sacrifice is not necessary."—"Yes, Duke,'I say again I would shed my blood. I would resign my would shed my blood, I would resign my life for them, but I have given my Allies a promise not to treat without them, and to approve all that they may do. Besides," added the Emperor, "my Minister, M. de Metternich, has gone to their headquarters, and I will ratify whatever he may sign." When the Due de Cadore related to me the particulars of his mission, in which, zeal could not work an impossibility, I remarked that he regarded as a circumstance fatal to Napoleon the absence of M. de Metternich and the presence of M. Stadion at the headquarters of the Emperor of Austria. Though in all probability nothing could have arrested the course of events, yet it is certain that the personal sentiments of the two Austrian Ministers towards Napoleon were widely different. I am not going too far when I affirm that, policy apart, M. de Metternich was much attached to Napoleon. In support of this assertion I may quote a fact of which I can guarantee the authenticity. When M. de Metternich was complimented on the occasion of Maria Louisa's marriage he replied, "To have contributed to a measure which has received the approbation of 80iOOO,000 men is indeed a just subject of congratulation." Such a remark openly made by the intelligent Minister of the Cabinet of Vienna was well calculated to gratify the ears of Napoleon, from whom, however, M. de Metternich in his personal relations "did not conceal the truth. I recollect a reply which was made by M. de Metternich at Dresden after.a little hesitation. "As to you," said the Emperor, "you will not go to war with me. It is impossible that you can declare yourselves against me. That can never be." — " Sire, we are not now quite allies, and some-

i This attachment of Metternich to Napoleon was much believed in at the time; see De  $\it Vitrolles$ , tome i. pp. 69 and 78.